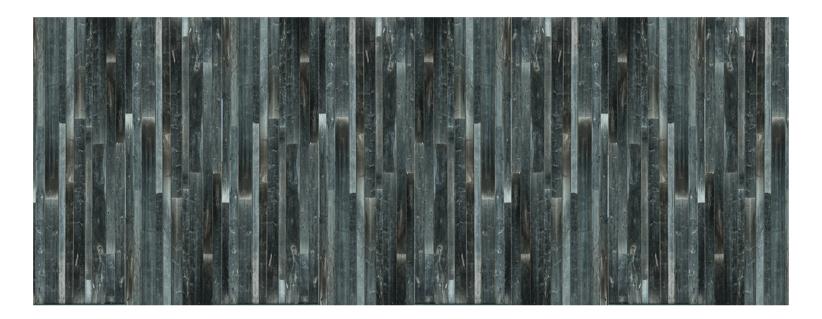
## A STANDARD WILDLIFE WATCHING HIDE WITH SUPPLEMENTS FOR REWILDING EUROPE, VERSION 1.0



Wood is a versatile material, and the only renewable building material. characterized by a combination of different components that together provide the best possible resistance, heat-, sound- and moisture insulation, fire resistance and durability.

By increasing the proportion of wood in the actual construction, the use of can still be produced locally. construction materials such as Furthermore, wood as pure concrete, steel and brick, are aesthetic is highly stylish, and façade with overlying planks

diminished. These materials do not come from renewable sources; require a lot of Wooden structures are usually energy for their production and results in higher emissions be colourized, stained, of carbon dioxide.

Wood is a local resource, most countries have indeed a be used in wood production,

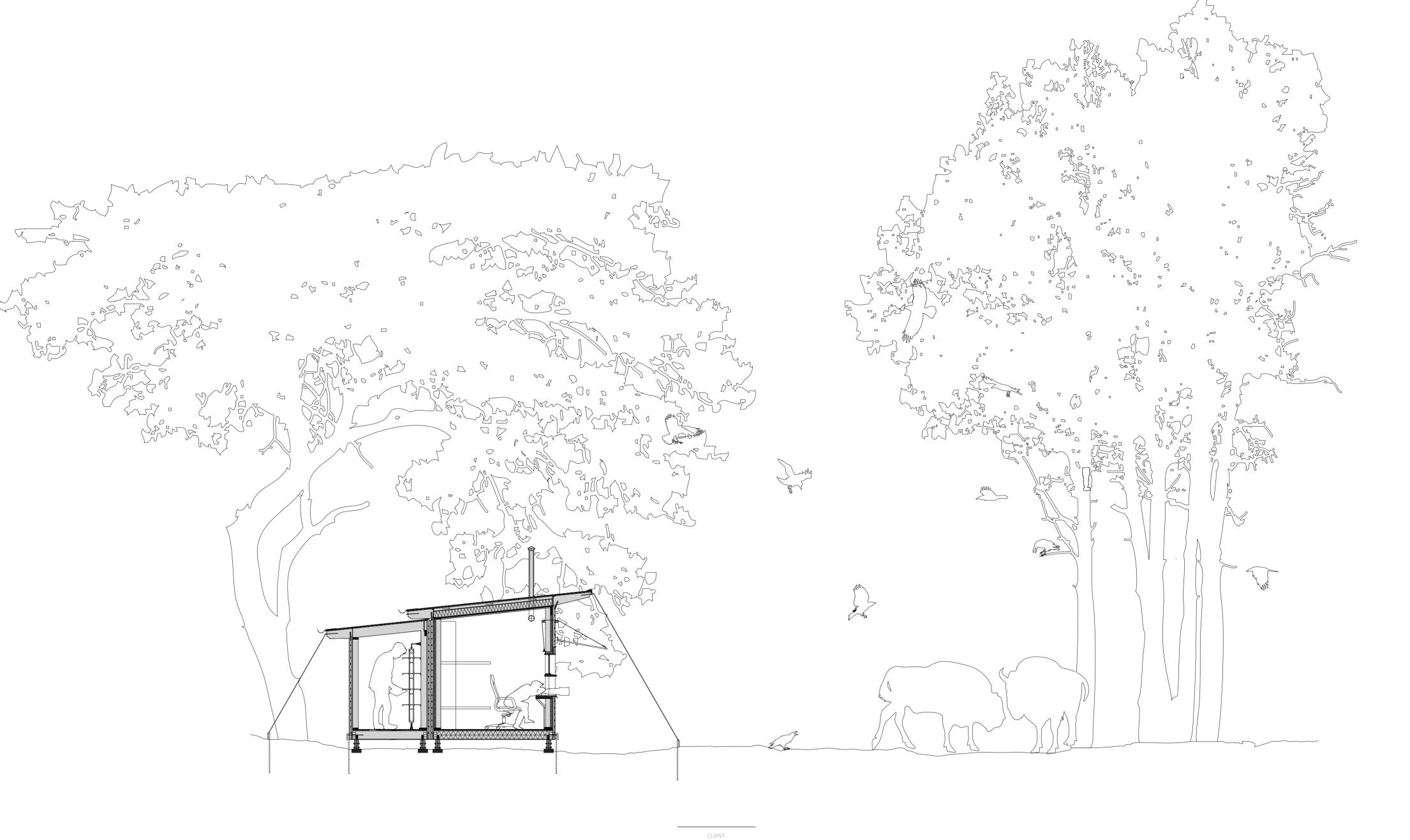
the different types and deviations in colour and tints that can be achieved are immense. Wood can likewise pickled, oiled etc.

The wildlife-watching hide is supposed to be used pretty vast resource of trees that can much everywhere in Europe, in any topography and landand even though few countries scape. The hide should also are pronounced manufactures be used in summer as well as and exports of timber, timber during winter. Therefore, the hide's appearance is crucial.

For this hide a wooden

was used. The timber is normal pinewood, where each plank is painted with a different stain giving the whole façade an interesting and appealing character. (see picture above) The stain is water based and will gradually alter in tint over time, making the expression of the hide further interesting. The colour variation makes it possible for the hide to blend in with its surrounding, it will be concealed during summer and during winter.

Version 1.0 August 2014 © 2014 Architect: Mattias Pedersen Text: Mattias Pedersen All drawings © 2014: Mattias Pedersen Design: Mattias Pedersen



REWILDING EUROPE

ARCHITECT:

MATTIAS PEDERSEN

PROJEKT:

WILDLIFE WATCHING HIDE

DRAWING NAME:

WildWatch ic site section

DRAWING NO:

1\_50\_SITE\_SECTION

1\_50\_SITE\_SECTION

SCALE DATE
1:50 @ A2 4 AUGUST 2014

The hide's suitability fits practically all the conceivable target groups, but is nevertheless designed mainly for the nature enthusiast and the high-level nature photography professional. With the hide's flexibility and mobile ability, the users specific requirements concerning landscape background, sun position, ground levels with no tower or unstinted sizing in order to high platforms are all attained. house even the largest of

The photography aspect is conventional, designed for 4-5 persons, the hide features in total twelve shooting holes from where you can photograph. Eight holes on the long dimensioned in regard to side and two holes on each short side. The configuration could therefore be diverse. One possible outcome is e.g.

two persons shooting through two camera holes each on the long side directing the lenses straight at the object subject to who want to see the animals photography. And one person clearly. respectively on the verges, having in total four shooting holes each, covering therefore a broader photo spectrum but may not have the object in question straight aligned.

Each camera hole has an telephoto lenses and to accommodate the will of free maneuvering. The bench along the viewing holes is sturdy and the human size and needs of space. Over the camera holes, a large window is placed, as opposed to thin

observation slits, to accomodate the general public extension volume. Smaller, and the nature enthusiasts

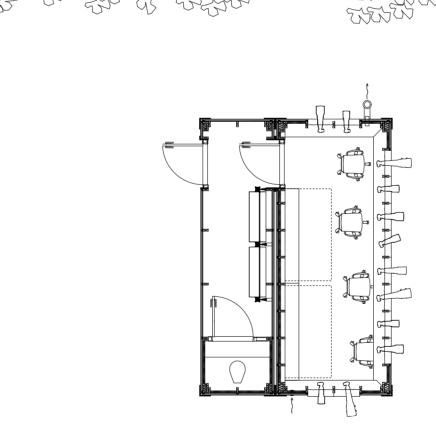
The hide features two bedside cabinets containing two beds each, additional matrasses can be placed on the floor. (http://www.compact-livingbutiken.se/).

Moreover the hide's ambition to be simple but with a basic level of comfort accommodates a rudimentary toilet in the extension volume. In order to not discomfit the commode visitor the toilet is insulated, additionally the stratum of sheeting and mattresses of the beds work as additional sound insulation.

The hide gives plenty of storage options; bigger

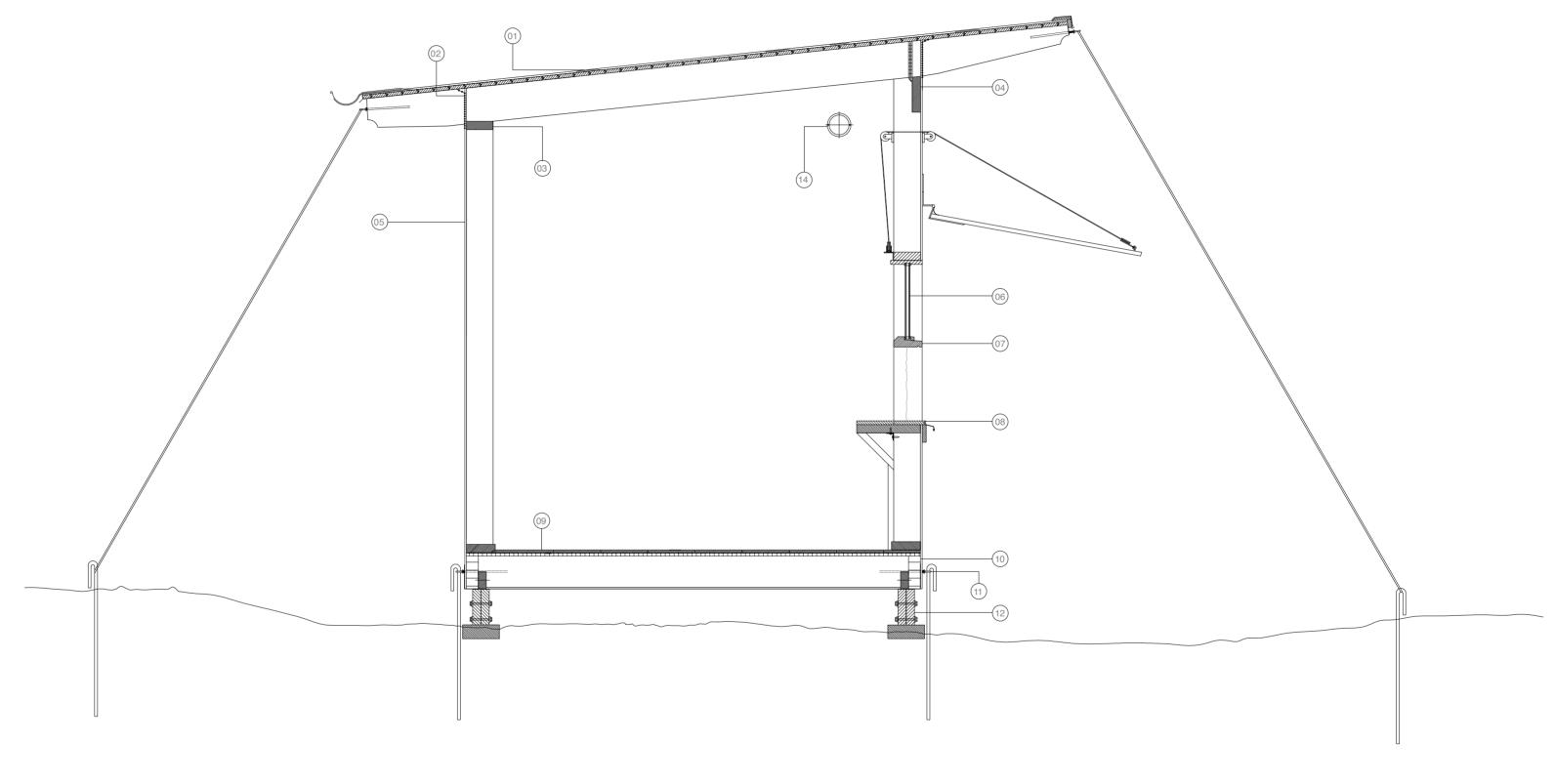
luggage can be stowed in the photo gadgets can be stored on shelves over the window row, under the bench along the camera holes or in the corners.

In order to provide for a pleasant sojourn insulation against heat and against cold could be added. The roof construction is a shed roof with a ten-degree tilt on both the main structure and the annex's volume. The roof is dimensioned to resist a snow zone value of 3; in comparison Stockholm has a value of 2. But the idea is that snow and water runs off the roof. Shutters can be raised above the windowss, preventing rain from striking the lenses and the mirrored glass.





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## 0 02 0.4 0.6 0.8 1

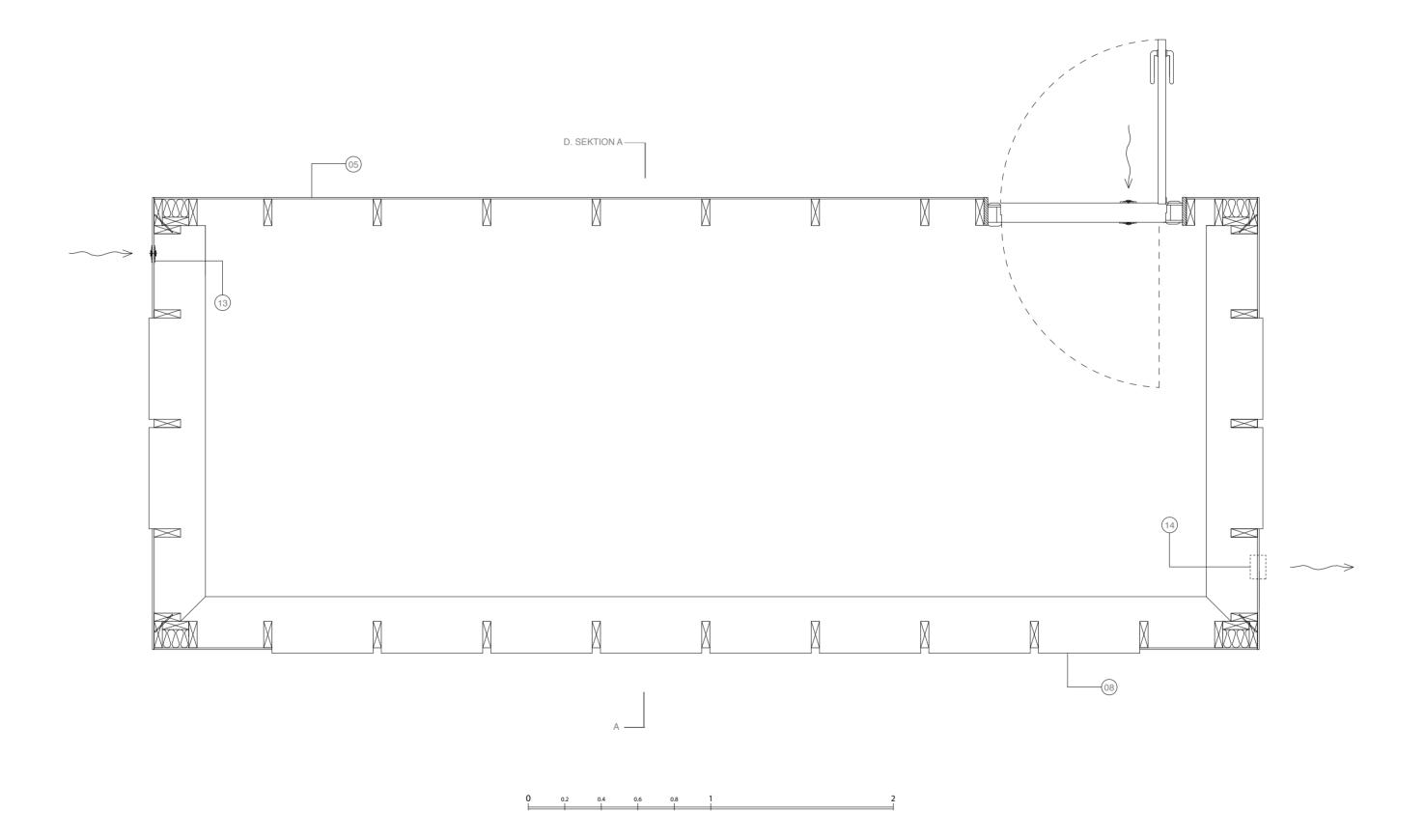
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SCALE DATE
1:20 @ A2 4 AUGUST 2014

01. Roof construction:
underlaying roofing felt YAM 2 000.
roofing felt YAM 2 000.
20/85 mm tongue-in-groove board kind G4-3 or better, preferably pine.
45/195 C24 construction timber beams. CC 950mm.

02.

Wall construction:
Insect net
Insec



CLIENT:

REWILDING EUROPE

ARCHITECT:

MATTIAS PEDERSEN

PROJEKT:

WILDLIFE WATCHING HIDES

DRAWING NAME:

WIIDWATCH 1 Basic plan

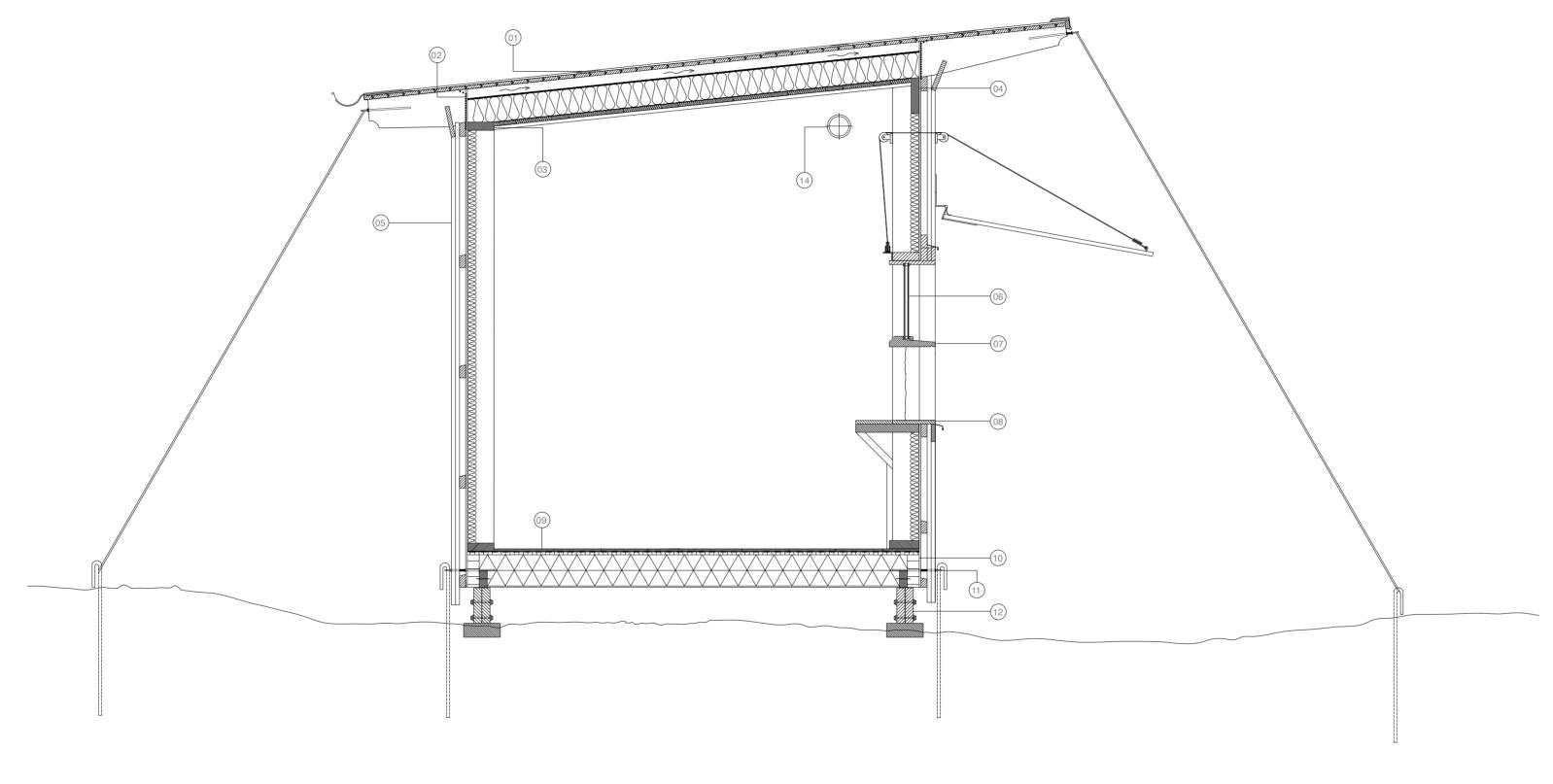
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1\_20\_PLAN\_DETAIL\_1

SCALE

DATE

1:20 @ A2 4 AUGUST 2014



## 0 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1 2

CLIENT:

REWILDING EUROPE

ARCHITECT:

MATTIAS PEDERSEN

PROJEKT:

WILDLIFE WATCHING HIDES

DRAWING NAME:

WIIDWIST 1A Section AA

DRAWING NO:

1\_20\_SEKTION\_DETAIL\_1A

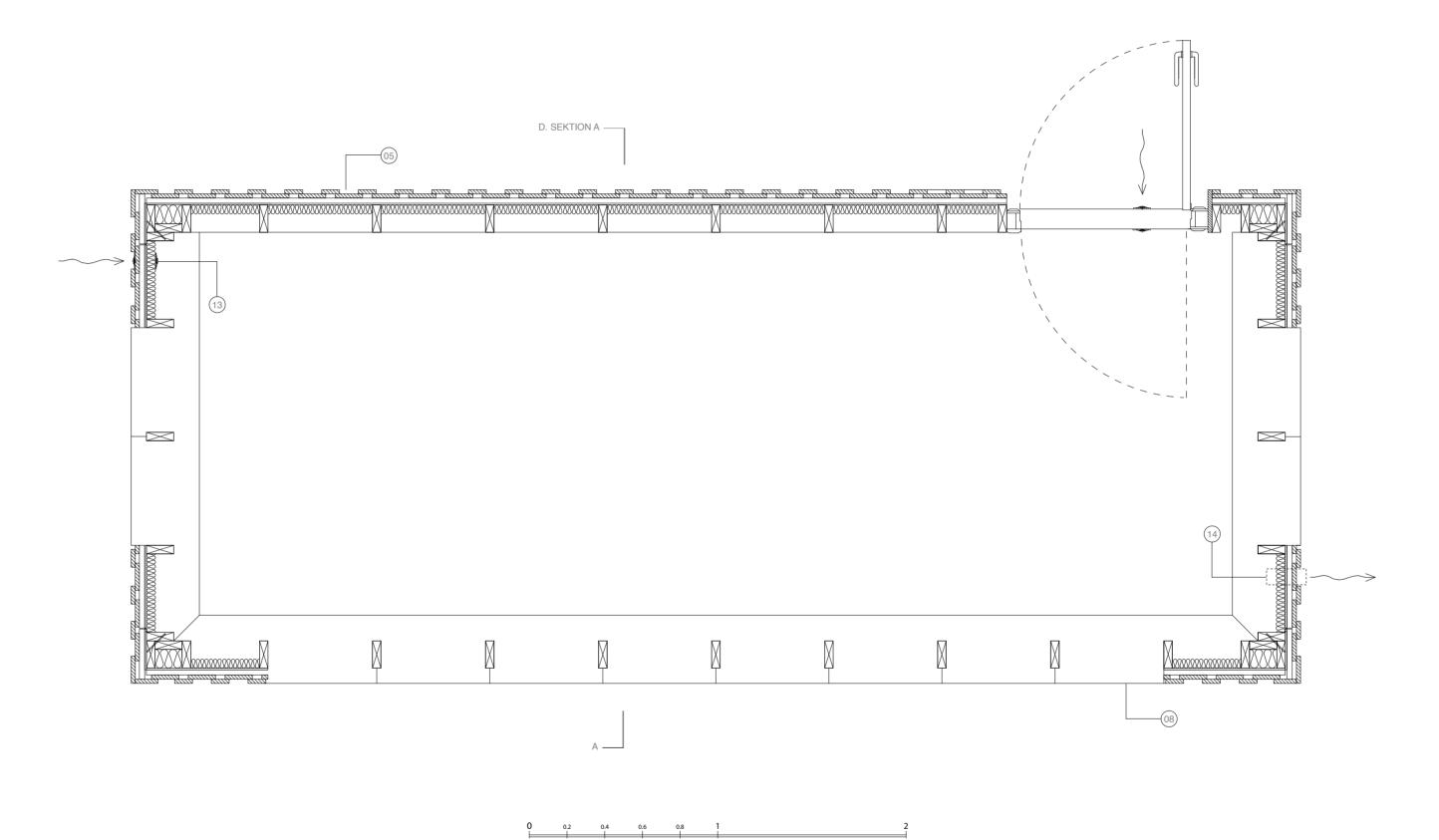
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03. 45/145 mm binder, C14 construction timber. 01. Roof construction: 06. double-glassed mirrorglass. 10. 65/177 mm laminated timber beam. Roof construction:
underlaying roofing felt YAM 2 000.
roofing felt YAM 2 000.
20/95 mm tongue-in-groove board kind G4-3 or better, preferably pine.
50 mm ventilated air gap.
3.2 mm hardboard for windbreak.
138 mm polyurethane (PUR) SPU AL100 insulation between 45/195 C24 construction timber beams. CC 950mm. 11. minimum 300 mm french screw with a big screw eye. 45/195 mm binder, C14 construction timber. 56/250 mm larch (or pine) louvres. 12. 2 45/195 mm pressure-impregnated timber plates. 08. 20/430 honed, low friction boarding. Could be subdivided into 200 mm board and 230 mm Wall construction: cap-batten. timber beams. CC 950mm.
vapour barrier.
22/95 mm furring (insulated installation layer) raw planed or sawn planks of variety G4-3 or better.
Interior lining.

02.

bottom batten.
air gap / capillary column battens
windbreaks: inorganic material, externally approved and moisture resistant panel
50 mm polyurethane (PUR) SPU AL100 insulation between 45/145 C14 construction timber studs. CC 600 mm. 13. ventilation in planed board. 09. Floor construction: 14 mm wood fibreboard, alternative a 10 mm stiff insulation board above 14. ventilation out vapour barrier. 15 mm plywood.
170 mm polyurethane (PUR) SPU AL100 insulation between 45/170 mm wood battens.
3 mm synthetic sheet.
2 mm bent metal strip under the joists with screw eye.



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WILDLIFE WATCHING HIDES

DRAWING NAME:

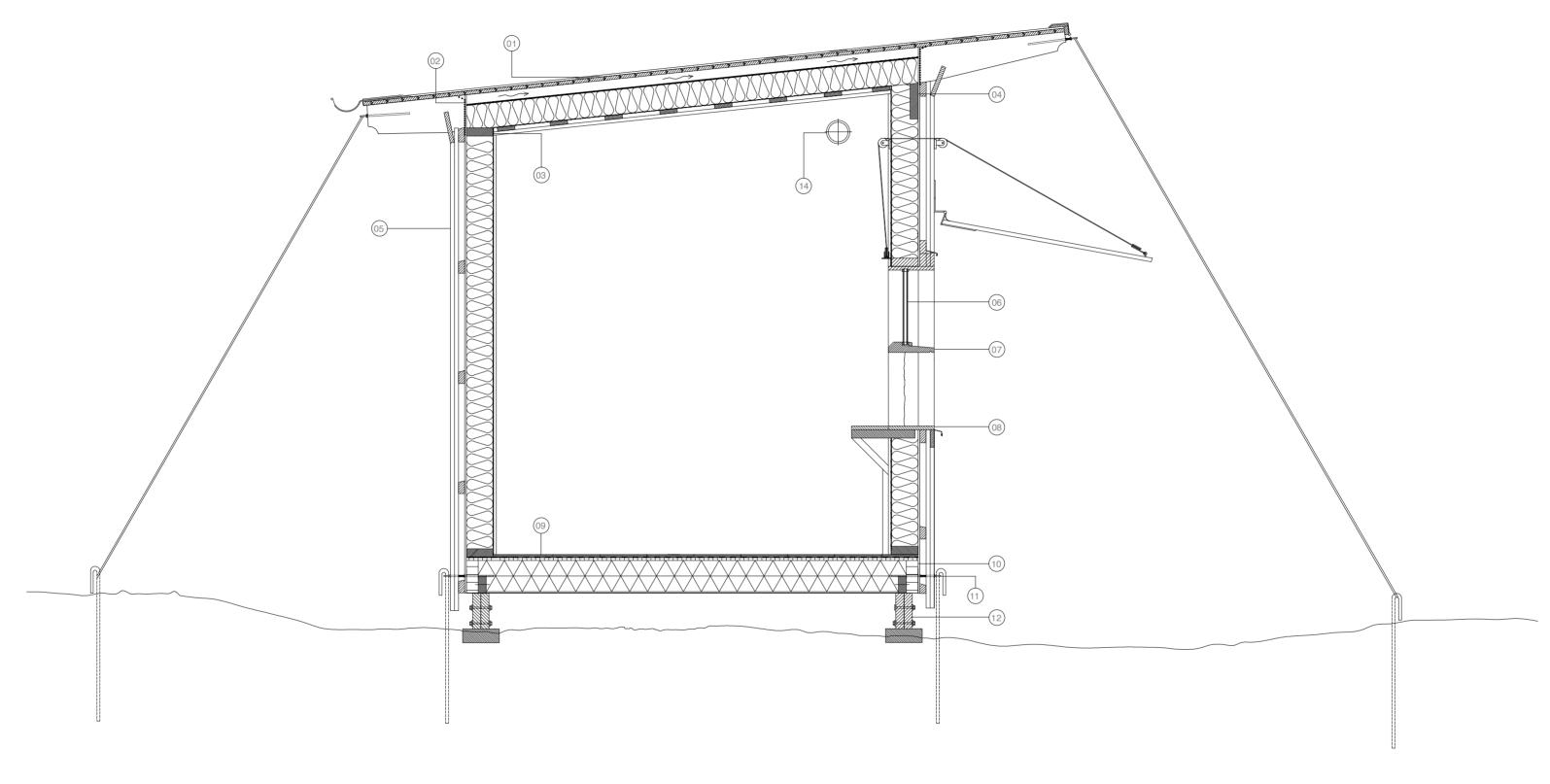
WILDLIFE WATCHING HIDES

DRAWING NO:

1\_20\_PLAN\_DETAIL\_1A

SCALE

DATE



## 0 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1 2

CLIENT:

REWILDING EUROPE

ARCHITECT:

MATTIAS PEDERSEN

PROJEKT:

WILDLIFE WATCHING HIDES

DRAWING NAME:

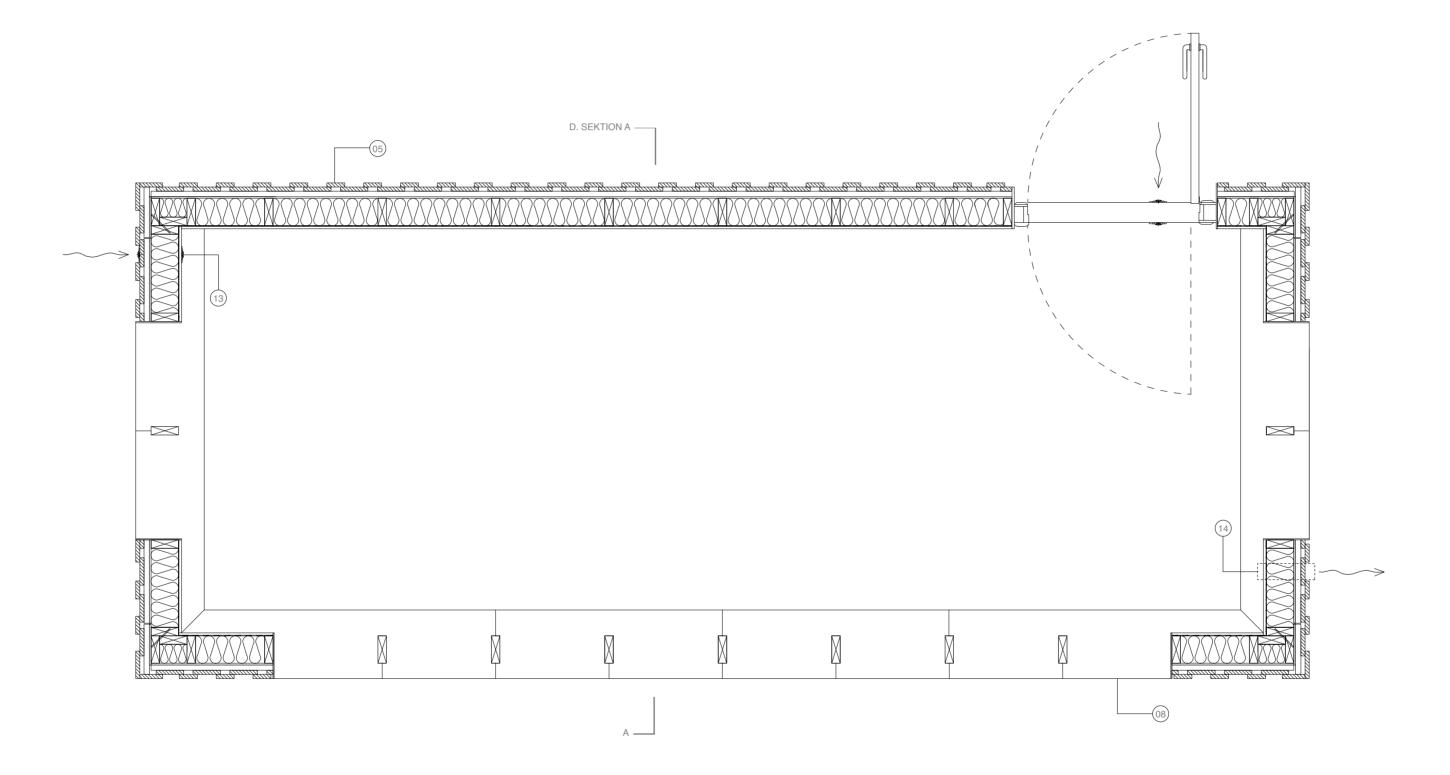
WildWatch 1B section AA

DRAWING NO:

1\_20\_SEKTION\_DETAIL\_1B

SCALE DATE
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01.
Roof construction:
underlaying roofing felt YAM 2 000.
roofing felt YAM 2 000.
20/95 mm tongue-in-groove board kind G4-3 or better, preferably pine.
50 mm bentilated air gap.
3.2 mm hardboard for windbreak.
138 mm polyurethane (PUR) SPU AL100 insulation between 45/195 C24 construction timber beams. CC 950mm.
vapour barrier. 03. 45/145 mm binder, C14 construction timber. 06. double-glassed mirrorglass. 10. 65/177 mm laminated timber beam. 07. 56/250 mm larch (or pine) louvres. 11. minimum 300 mm french screw with a big screw eye. 45/195 mm binder, C14 construction timber. 05. Wall construction: 08. 20/430 honed, low friction boarding. Could be subdivided into 200 mm board and 230 mm 2 45/195 mm pressure-impregnated timber plates. cap-batten. planed board. bottom batten. ventilation in 22/95 mm furring (insulated installation layer) raw planed or sawn planks of variety G4-3 or air gap / capillary column 09.
Floor construction:
14 mm wood fibreboard, alternative a 10 mm stiff insulation board above vapour barrier.
15 mm plywood. batters
windbreaks: inorganic material, externally approved and moisture resistant panel
145 mm polyurethane (PUR) SPU AL100 insulation between 45/145 C14 construction
timber studs. CC 600 mm. better. 22 mm polyurethane (PUR) SPU AL100 insulation. Interior lining. 14. ventilation out 02. insect net vapor barrier 18.5/121 mm sawn softwood boarding 170 mm polyurethane (PUR) SPU AL100 insulation between 45/170 mm wood battens. 3 mm synthetic sheet.
2 mm bent metal strip under the joists with screw eye.





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REWILDING EUROPE

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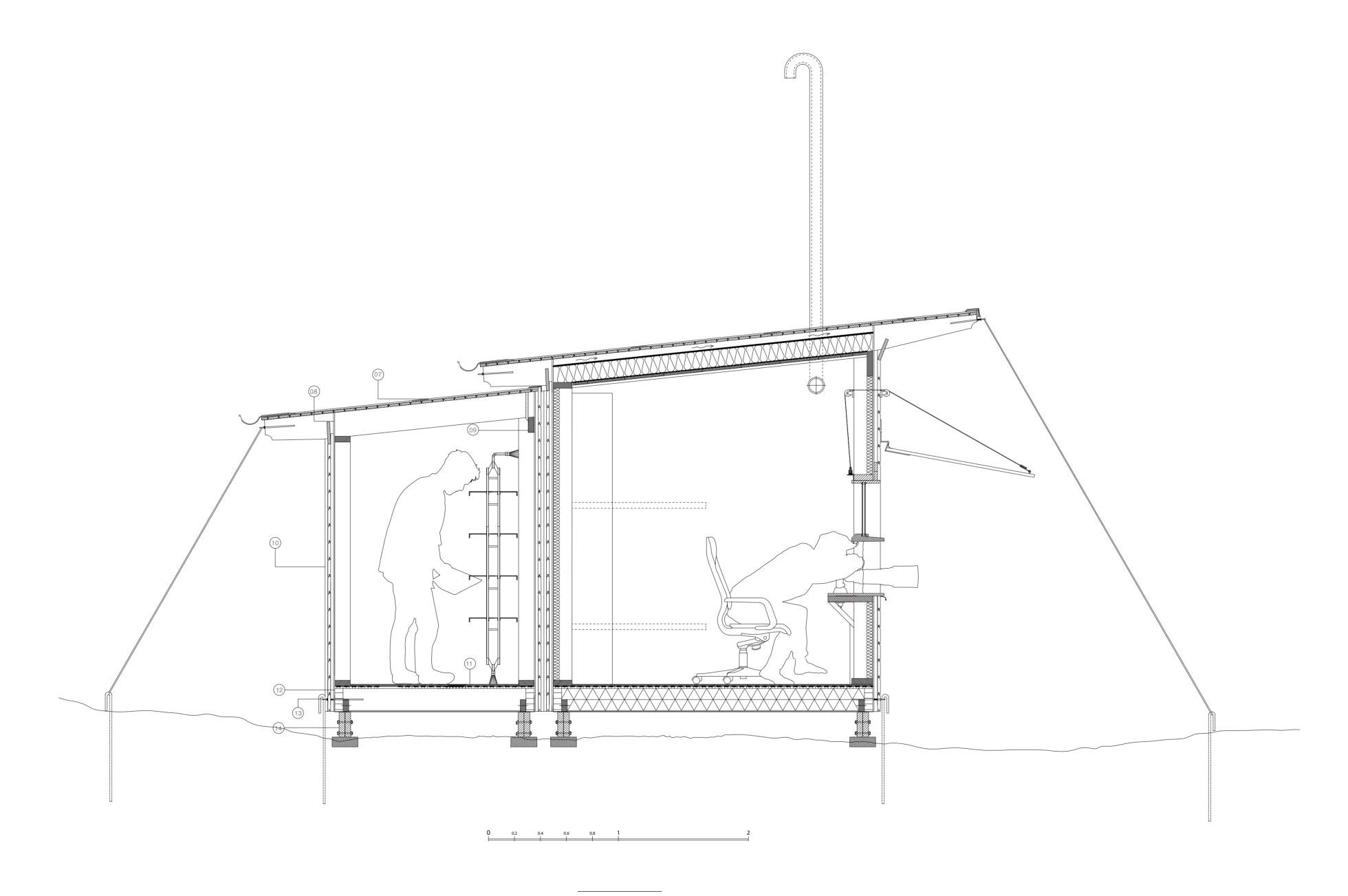
WILDLIFE WATCHING HIDES

DRAWING NAME:

WIIDWATCH 1B Plan

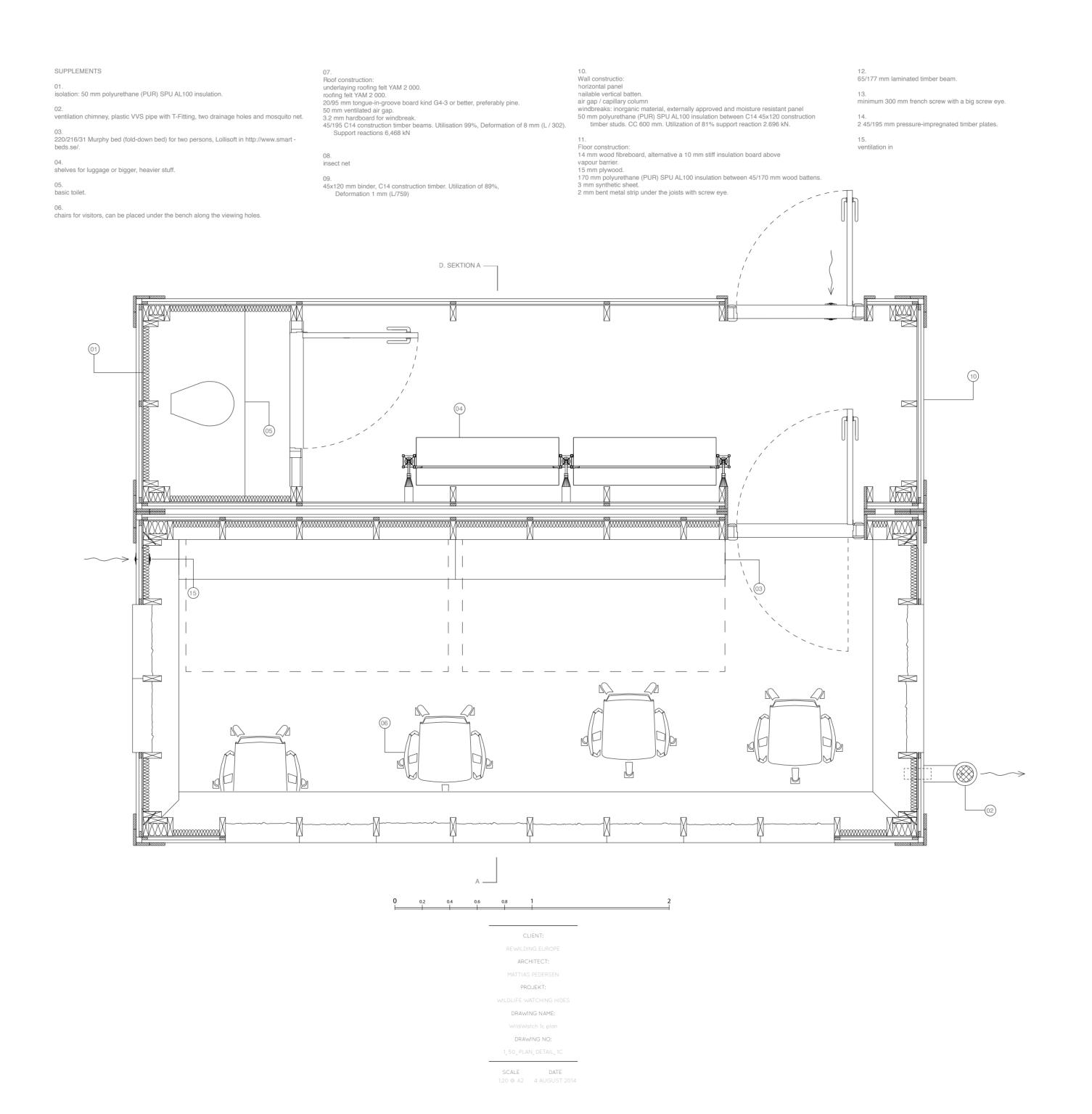
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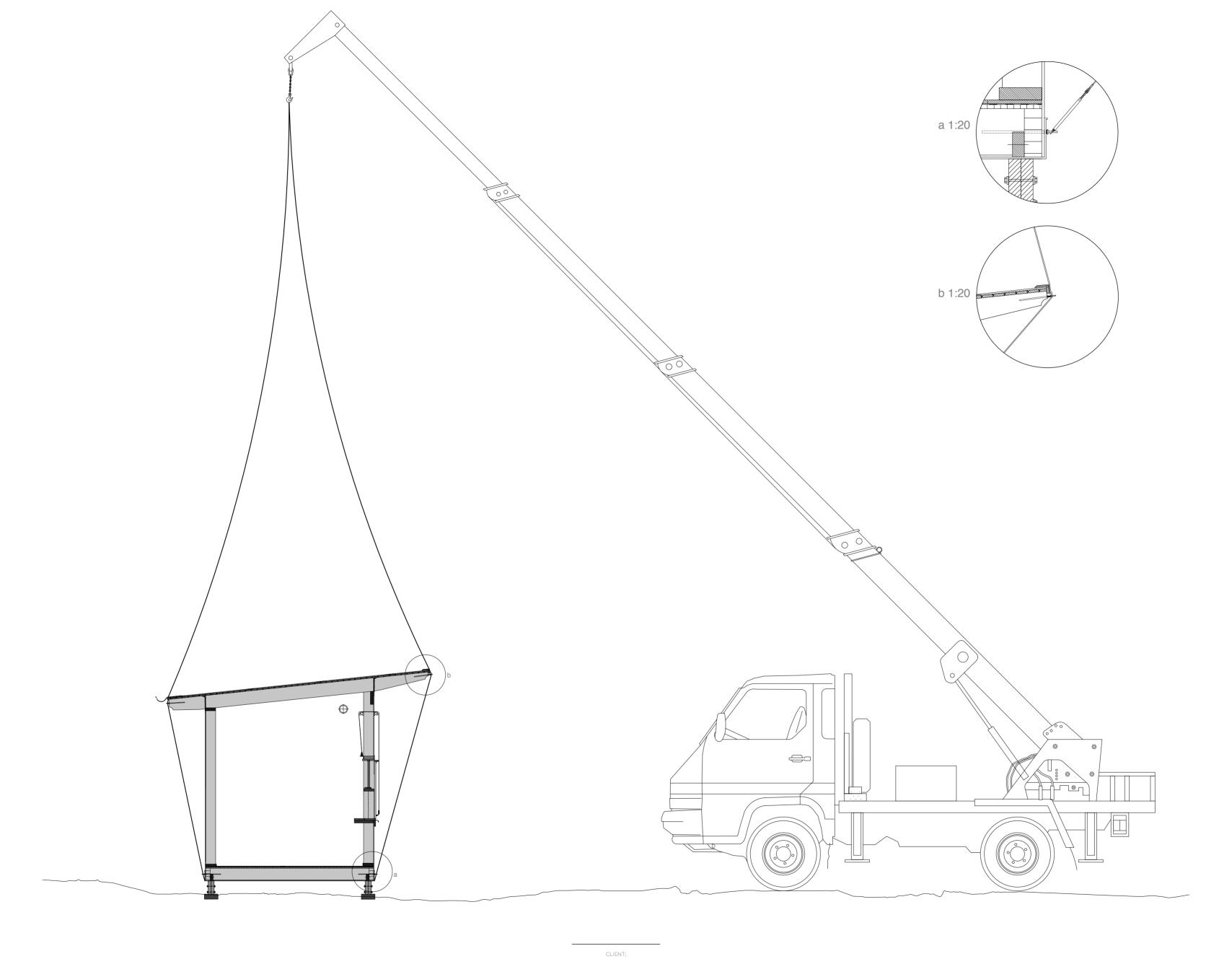
1\_20\_PLAN\_DETAIL\_1B



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REWILDING EUROPE

ARCHITECT:

MATTIAS PEDERSEN

PROJEKT:

WILDLIFE WATCHING HIDES

DRAWING NAME:

WIIDWIGHT TRANSPORT

DRAWING NO:

1\_40\_TRANSPORT

SCALE DATE
1:40 @ A2 4 AUGUST 2014



CLIENT: ARCHITECT: PROJEKT: DRAWING NAME: DRAWING NO: 1\_20\_FACADES

SCALE DATE
1:20 @ A2 4 AUGUST 2014

